

Writing Center



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Citation Style Comparison Table

	MLA	APA	Chicago: Author-Date	Chicago: Notes and Bibliography
Disciplines common in	English, humanities	Psychology, nursing, education, social sciences	Sciences	History, fine arts, humanities
Privileges	Author: Who wrote texts matters most, so an author's full name is included in works cited entries and the first time the author is mentioned in text	Date: When texts were written matters most, so dates are included in in-text citations and listed second in reference entries	Author and date: Both an author's full name and dates are included	Full citation information: The first time a text is cited, full details of the text (author name, title, facts of publication, page numbers) must be included in the note; subsequent citations of the text need only include a shortened form of the information
In-text citation	Paranetical (author's last name page number) (Jones 63)	Paranetical (author's last name, date, p. page number) (Jones, 1998, p. 63)	Paranetical (author's last name date, page number) (Jones 1998, 63)	Footnotes or endnotes Numbered and correspond to superscripted numbers in the text Notes generally list the author, title, and facts of publication, in that order Authors' names are listed in standard order (e.g., Tom Jones) Titles are capitalized the same way as in MLA style and elements are separated by commas Facts of publication are enclosed in parentheses
End-of-text citation	Works cited Entries alphabetized	References Entries alphabetized	Bibliography Similar to APA but with MLA author name and capitalization rules Entries alphabetized	Bibliography Entries correspond to in-text note and are formatted similar to MLA Entries alphabetized